ACTIVITY ANSWER KEY

Chapter 4, Section 1

Check your answers with this Answer Key. Answers separated by commas may be in any order. Answers separated by semicolons must be in stated order. Correct all errors, then complete your next goal.



Lesson 1: *Government & Economics*

1. (f) awakening, new beginning of expression through literature, religion, science and art
2. (d) the best or highest condition
3. (a) chief person over a Catholic monastery
4. (e) deception, false documents
5. (c) ridiculed, rejected
6. (b) vulgar, crude lifestyle
7. The Middle Ages, The Dark Ages, The Feudal Ages, The Medieval Period
8. (wording may vary) because it was situated in the middle between the Roman Empire of the past and the Renaissance that was to come.
9. Bubonic Plague
10. (c) Invading Germans
11. Charles (or Charlemagne)
12. the Lombards invaded Italy and were threatening the Papal See
13. 
14. (wording may vary) to defend the Holy Church of Christ against pagan raids and devastation, to spread (diffuse) the Catholic Faith
15. Pope Leo III
16. it was neither holy, nor Roman, nor an empire
17. the empire being properly governed
18. (b) 1,000
19. (a) The Holy Roman Empire
    (b) The Carolingian Dynasty
20. (a) France
21. Belgae, Acquitan, Celtae (or Galli)
22. Chlodio
23. France, Germany
24. Merovingian
25. (c) 15; France
26. Carolingians
27. *"The collective choices of a nation's people become its history"*



Lesson 2: *Religion*

1. (c) a thousand
2. geographical locations assigned to the birth, life, and death of Christ
3. Palestine area
4. they worried they would lose the "holy land" as one of their sacred sites

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5. The First Crusade
6. The crusaders had captured Jerusalem and most of Palestine
7. (d) 1147
8. King Richard ("The Lion Hearted")
9. To rescue the city of Jerusalem from the Saracens
10. The Fourth Crusade
11. Jerusalem, Jaffa, Bethlehem, and Nazareth
12. (c) Toulouse, Vienna
13. (b) Constantinople
14. King Louis IX of France
15. nothing
16. (a) made peace with the Muslims
17. 632
18. Ali and Abu Bekr
19. Omayyads
20. no
21. opposing, opposite
22. Sunni
23. Shiite
24. Sunni
25. Al Qaeda, the Taliban
26. a radical militant Islamic faction responsible for the Sept. 11, 2001 attacks on America
27. Judaism, Christianity, Islam
28. Golgotha
29. (b) prior claims
30. the Dome of the Rock
31. (b) octagon
32. *"An eye for an eye only ends up making the whole world blind."*



Lesson 3: *Food*

1. Tartars
2. (d) the Golden Horde
3. 1214
4. murdered with ruthless cruelty
5. 1227
6. territory, kingdom
7. Kublai Khan
8. (wording may vary) From the Yellow River in China to the Danube River in eastern Europe. North to south, it extended from Siberia to the Persian Gulf
9. (a) Cambaluc
10. Marco, Niccolo, Maffeo
11. Kublai Khan
12. Marco Polo
13. China, Java, Sumatra, Siam, Burma, Ceylon, Zanaibar, Madagascar, Abyssinia
14. (d) nutmeg
15. (c) spreading out
16. in the Ohio, Illinois, and Mississippi River valleys
17. Cultural contact with tribes in the Valley of Mexico
18. mocking of ways of worship
19. Collinsville, Illinois
20. 700 and 1400
21. Trappist monks once grew vegetables on one of its terraces.
22. 100 feet high, 1,080 feet long, and 710 feet wide.
23. (a) True
24. (a) 68
25. *"Every major discovery was the result of someone curious to find the answer to an unknown thing."*



Lesson 4: *Military*

1. (d) sent
2. (b) attacked
3. (g) lived a morally corrupt lifestyle
4. (c) items stolen from the conquered people, loot
5. (f) fought small battles without decisive victory

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6. (h) dug out
7. (a) replicas of humans and animals
8. (e) burned
9. to conquer all of Europe for Islam
10. (a) True
11. Clotaire II
12. Poitiers and Tours
13. (wording may vary) the plunder they had aquired; greed
14. He was surrounded and eventually killed
15. yes; It decided the ultimate future of Europe
16. Pioneer Hohokam (300 BC to AD 600); Colonial Hohokam (AD 600 to 900); Sedentary Hohokam (AD 900 to 1200); Classic Hohokam (AD 1200 to 1400)
17. (b) sticks covered with clay
18. figurines
19. (a) cremated
20. corn (Indian maize), squash, beans, cotton, and tobacco
21. irrigation
22. (c) Arizona
23. *"The love of money is the root of all evil."*



Lesson 5: *Literature Art, & Music*

1. England
2. geographic areas ruled by men with the title of Duke
3. to declare that if he died without an offspring, William would be his heir
4. Matilda
5. (c) desired
6. Harold, the Earl of Wessex, proclaimed himself king of Great Britain
7. Pope Alexander II, Roman Emperor Henry IV
8. (b) 140
9. (a) True
10. (c) 71 yards
11. Bayeux Tapestry
12. colored threads sewen to form a design, picture, or words on cloth
13. the Cathedral of Bayeux
14. (c) 1,512
15. great cathedrals
16. (a) cross
17. (b) Jerusalem
18. (wording may vary) some degree of stability in their lives
19. it became a major French city
20. *"Art is the expression of a man's thoughts, interests, and values."*

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